

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
WESTERN DIVISION**

KELLY SIMPSON,

Plaintiff,

Case No. 3:09-cv-085

vs.

Judge Thomas M. Rose

**MICHAEL J. ASTRUE,
Commissioner of Social Security,**

Magistrate Judge Sharon L. Ovington

Defendant.

ENTRY AND ORDER OVERRULING SIMPSON'S OBJECTIONS (Doc. #13) TO THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS; ADOPTING THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS (Doc. #12) IN ITS ENTIRETY; AFFIRMING THE COMMISSIONER'S DECISION THAT SIMPSON WAS NOT DISABLED AND TERMINATING THIS CASE

Plaintiff Kelly Simpson ("Simpson") has brought this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) for judicial review of the final decision of the Defendant Commissioner of Social Security (the "Commissioner") denying, for the second time, her applications for Supplemental Security Income ("SSI") and Disability Insurance Benefits ("DIB"). On August 11, 2005, Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") Daniel R. Shell ("Shell") issued a decision finding that Simpson was not disabled. That decision became the final decision of the Commissioner, from which Simpson appealed. On appeal, this Court remanded the case for further proceedings, including obtaining the opinion of a medical expert concerning Simpson's mental work abilities.

On remand and following a second administrative hearing, ALJ Shell again denied Simpson's SSI and DIB applications. That second decision then became the final decision of the

Commissioner and it is that second decision that Simpson now appeals.

On July 14, 2010, United States Magistrate Judge Sharon L. Ovington entered a Report and Recommendations (doc. #12) recommending that the Commissioner's second disability decision regarding Simpson be affirmed. Simpson subsequently filed Objections. (Doc. #13.) The time has run and the Commissioner has not responded to Simpson's Objections. This matter is, therefore, ripe for decision.

Based upon the reasoning and citations of authority set forth in the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendations (doc. #12) and in Simpson's Objections (doc. #13), as well as upon a thorough de novo review of this Court's file, including the Administrative Transcript, and a thorough review of the applicable law, this Court adopts the aforesaid Report and Recommendations in its entirety and, in so doing, affirms the Commissioner's decision that Simpson was not disabled. Finally, Simpson's Objections to the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendations are overruled.

This Court's function is to determine whether the record as a whole contains substantial evidence to support the Administrative Law Judge's ("ALJ's") decision. *Bowen v. Commissioner of Social Security*, 478 F.3d 742, 745-46 (6th Cir. 2007). This court must also determine whether the ALJ applied the correct legal criteria. *Id.*

Regarding the substantial evidence requirement, the ALJ's findings must be affirmed if they are supported by "such relevant evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion." *Richardson v. Perales*, 402 U.S. 389, 401 (1971)(citing *Consolidated Edison Company v. NLRB*, 305 U.S. 197, 229 (1938)); *Landsaw v. Secretary of Health and Human Services*, 803 F.2d 211, 213 (6th Cir. 1986). Substantial evidence means such relevant

evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion. *Richardson, supra*, at 401; *Ellis v. Schweicker*, 739 F.2d 245, 248 (6th Cir. 1984). Substantial evidence is more than a mere scintilla, but only so much as would be required to prevent a directed verdict (now judgment as a matter of law) against the ALJ/Commissioner if this case were being tried to a jury. *Foster v. Bowen*, 853 F.2d 483, 486 (6th Cir. 1988); *NLRB v. Columbian Enameling and Stamping Company*, 306 U.S. 292, 300 (1939).

The second judicial inquiry - reviewing the ALJ's legal criteria - may result in reversal even if the record contains substantial evidence supporting the ALJ's factual findings. *See Bowen*, 478 F.3d at 746. A reversal based on the ALJ's legal criteria may occur, for example, when the ALJ has failed to follow the Commissioner's "own regulations and where that error prejudices a claimant on the merits or deprives the claimant of a substantial right. *Bowen*, 478 F.3d at 746(citing in part *Wilson v. Commissioner of Social Security*, 378 F.3d 541, 546-47 (6th Cir. 2004)).

In this case, the ALJ applied the correct legal criteria and the ALJ's second decision is supported by substantial evidence. WHEREFORE, based upon the aforesaid, Simpson's Objections to the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendations (doc. #13) are OVERRULED. This Court adopts the Report and Recommendations of the United States Magistrate Judge (doc. #12) in its entirety. The Commissioner's second decision that Simpson was not disabled is AFFIRMED.

The captioned cause is hereby ordered terminated upon the docket records of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, at Dayton.

DONE and **ORDERED** in Dayton, Ohio, this Twentieth Day of August, 2010.

s/Thomas M. Rose

JUDGE THOMAS M. ROSE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Copies furnished to: Counsel of Record